

Daily Pacific News.

VOL. II.—NO. 106.

SAN FRANCISCO, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 28, 1850.

WHOLE NO. 293

THE PACIFIC NEWS
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays excepted.)
BY WINCHESTER, SKILLMAN & CO.,
Montgomery street, between Washington
and Jackson streets, (over Payne &
Sherwood's.)
TERMS—IN ADVANCE.
For One Year, per Mail..... \$5 00
For Six Months..... 3 00
Single Copies..... 12 cents.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING—IN ADVANCE.
For each Square of 16 lines and over 8 lines—
First insertion..... \$3 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 1 50
Half square of 8 lines or less, 1st in. 2 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 1 00
Monthly advertisements, each square—
First insertion..... 25 00
Half square..... 16 00
Business cards of 4 lines or under, per
quarter..... 40 00
For each renewal or change of a monthly
advertisement, the full price of a first insertion
will be charged the former rates.

JOB PRINTING of every description
executed in a superior manner, at the Office of
the Pacific News.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WELLS & CO. Bankers, corner of
clay and montgomery sts, draw bills
on Wells & Co, Boston; Drew, Robinson
& Co, New York; Ludlow, Beebe & Co,
Phila; Greenway & Co, Balto; Ellis &
Morton, Cincinnati; Loker, Renick & Co,
St Louis; Robinson & Co, Buffalo; Wash-
burn & Co, Albany; H A Rathbone, New
Orleans; Maclean, Maris & Co, London;
and at banks in Hartford, New Haven, New
London, Providence, Worcester, Plymouth,
New Bedford, Salem, Portsmouth, Port-
land, Bangor, Keene, Concord, Bellows
Falls and Woodstock.
Gold dust shipped and insured to New
York. o1tf

JOHN H. STILL,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
NEWSPAPER, MAGAZINE, CHEAP PERMIS-
SION AND STATIONARY DEPOT.
Second door to the Post Office, Portsmouth
Square, San Francisco.
Country Merchants, Express riders,
and Pedlars can be supplied with all the
latest Novels, Magazines and Newspapers,
on the most favorable terms. As great in-
creased will be offered them, they are
invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.
nov19 1m

BEEBEE LUDLOW & CO.
Exchange Brokers and Bankers, have
removed to Van Dyke & Belden's fire proof
building, in Clay street, 2d door from the
corner of Montgomery street.
Drafts on Beebee, Ludlow & Co, New
York; Ludlow, Beebee & Co, Philadelphia;
Josiah Lee, Baltimore, for sale, and in all
the principal cities, in sums to suit, by
S. Beebee, Ludlow & Co.,
o1tf Clay st, 2d door from Montgomery

KELSEY, SMITH & RISLEY
Importers and Dealers in Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Clothing, and Leather and Find-
ings. Fire proof brick building, on Clay st,
2d door above Montgomery street.
W. F. KELSEY, } San Francisco
Geo. M. SMITH, }
B. W. RISLEY, New York City. o14 1m

D. GIBB, Importer and Commis-
sion Merchant, Brick building, Cen-
tral Wharf, San Francisco.
Drafts for sale on Messrs. Watson, Thomp-
son & Co, Glasgow, payable in London;
Messrs. John Thomson, Watson & Co, Val-
paraiso. o1 3m

MYERS & EHRENBURG, Real
Estate Agents, and Surveyors for the
towns of Trinidad, Klamath, and for Trinity
County general.
Offices—In Klamath, corner of Fort
and Francis streets. In Trinidad, corner of
Whiting and Edward streets. o1tf

L. B. HANKS
Dealer in Lumber,
Office, Bodega steam saw Mills, No. 1
Gold street. Will furnish to order any
quantity of dimension stuff, or ordinary
sizes, with dispatch. o4 6m

WILLIAM NEWELL,
SEXTON AND UNDERTAKER,
Pacific, near Kearny st.
Every variety of coffins constantly on
hand. Also, coffin plates, tomb stones, tab-
lets, rosettes, etc. etc. n5 1m

R. F. RYAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR
AT LAW.
Office on Pacific street, nearly opposite
the Court House. n4 1tf

JOSEPH HENRIQUES,
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR,
County of San Francisco—Commercial
street, next door to Mrs. Whitney's, up
stairs. nov18 4w tf

W. SCHLEIDEN,
Ship and Custom House Broker.
Montgomery street, opposite the Custom
house, or at his house in Broadway, between
Dupont and Stockton streets. o4

SHIRTS—SHIRTS—GOOD SHIRTS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
A. T. C. LEIGHTON'S FIRST PREMIUM
Shirt and Gentlemen's Furnishing
Store, 20 Commercial street. n7 1m

H. O'DONNELL,
Real Estate Broker and Notary Public,
On Pacific st., opposite the court house.
n5 tf

J. H. Blood & Co., Commission
Merchants and Ship Agents. Office
northwest corner Clay and Montgomery sts
up stairs. o1 3m

P. Smith, M. D. & Theo. Dimond, M.
D., office over Kelsey, Smith & Risley's
store, north side of Clay street, second build-
ing above Montgomery street. o1

C. V. Gillespie, Notary Public,
Messrs. Howard & Green's new
brick building, Montgomery street. o14

**TEA—150 boxes, Imperial, gun-
powder, and young hyson tea, just re-
ceived per Tepec, and for sale by**
Pickett & Co.
n7 tf foot Jackson street wharf.

UNION HOTEL.—Under the man-
agement of ISAAC M. HALL. This es-
tablishment, situated on Portsmouth
Square, San Francisco, State of California,
will be opened for the reception of guests
on Thursday, the 7th of November, inst.,
under the management of Isaac M. Hall,
late of the Eagle Hotel, Rochester, New
York. The building has been erected
within the last three months; built of brick,
entirely fire-proof, five stories high, front-
ing on Portsmouth Square, 30 feet, and ex-
tending back 100 feet on Merchant street.
There are 100 rooms, all finished in the
most substantial manner, lathed and plas-
tered, and hard finished walls. Each room
is furnished with a stove and other bed-
room furniture complete; bells are fitted
up, communicating with the office from each
room. The dining room will accommodate
150 persons, and the public may safely con-
fide in the well known talent of Mr. Hall to
make this department one of the most invit-
ing of the house; all the delicacies of the
season will be found on the table, and the
wines the best the market affords. The
proprietors confidently entertain the hope
that this enterprise, involving at least
\$150,000, will meet its due appreciation by
the public, and that the effort on our part
to present a hotel where every comfort af-
forded in hotels in the Atlantic States may
be found, will meet the reward of public
patronage.

A. A. SELOVER,
JOHN MIDDLETON, } Proprietors.
E. V. JOICE,
San Francisco, Nov. 5, 1850. n6 tf

WOOD AND COAL for Sale.—By
M. Nelson. Yard on Broadway, be-
tween Stockton and Powell streets, where
orders will be received and attended to
promptly.

Also, land for sale or lease in the western
addition of the city of San Francisco, in lots
to suit. Some of the most valuable garden
and building spots within the limits of the
city, in a rapidly improving neighborhood,
are those of the subscriber, situated near
the Lagunas. Title unquestionable.
M. Nelson,
nov20 Presidio Road, Lagoon.

WYCKOFF & Co., Montgomery
street, between Washington and Jackson
streets, offer for sale,
100 hlf bbls No 1 Mackerel, 200 qr bbls do,
300 kits do, 50 hlf bbls No 1 Con shad, 50
qr do, 100 kits do, 100 hlf bbls mess pork,
100 qr bbls do, 100 bbls prime pork, about
10,000 lbs dairy cheese, 1000 cases porter,
cider and assorted syrups, 150 boxes sperm
candles, 100 boxes putter, 300 cases pickles,
100 bbls dried fruits, 5 bbls dried peaches,
50 boxes raisins, crushed and brown sugars,
100 cases pepper sauce and tomato catsup,
1000 lbs chocolate, 60 doz buns, 3 cases
silk hats, 100 pair blankets, and a general
assortment of groceries and provisions, for
city and country dealers. n1 1m

GRAND REAL ESTATE LOT.
TERY—Central House property, val-
ued at \$20,000, consisting of the Central
House and all its furniture, &c., on Wash-
ington street.

Zinc House, and all its furniture, &c., on
Dunbar's Arcade.
Frame house on Dunbar's Arcade, and
252 Building lots; making 255 prizes out
of 1000 tickets, or nearly one-third prizes.
Will be drawn in a few days, by L. Lincoln
& Co.
Tickets only \$20, for sale by
Garrett & Co.,
corner Washington street and Jones
Lane. o18 tf

TO LET.—Two stores on Mont-
gomery street. Also, two Offices with
sleeping apartments attached, in the same
building. Also one basement, (with office
in front) 15x56 feet, and 9 feet high, well
adapted for a bottling establishment or a
restaurant. Apply to
James H. Ray,
Jackson street, one door below Sansone's.
For SALE—150 bbls best quality pig
bread. Also, spikes, wrought and cut, iron
4 to 15 inches. o30 tf

COPARTNERSHIP.—The under-
signed have this day formed a partnership
under the firm of Cooke & Leconte, for
the purpose of carrying on the wholesale and
retail stationery business in general. They
have leased the fire proof store in Wells &
Co's Building, Montgomery st, next door to
Wells & Co's Banking House.
Wm. B. Cooke,
J. J. Leconte. o1 tf

TO LET.—The Large Store 23 by
70 feet, finished and ready for occu-
pancy, on the corner of Davis and Sacra-
mento streets, and one of the best stands in
this city for business. The lower floor and
third story will be let together, or the
whole will be let to one person, if desired.
Inquire of
Wm. C. Hoff,
o10 at Hoff & Co., Howison's pier.

FOR RENT, at convenient terms;
The 3 story Brick and Iron Warehouse,
40 by 60 feet, on Montgomery street, next
to the Custom House, hitherto occupied by
Messrs. J. B. Cannon & Co. Either the
whole or the different stories to suit parties.
It being desirable to let the whole build-
ing under a lease for six or eight months,
the terms will be reduced accordingly.
Apply to S. I. Gower & Co., or Edward
Vischer, near the premises. nov18 tf

GOLD DUST Bought or Insured,
and forwarded to any part of the
States, by way of New York or New Or-
leans, at the lowest rates, by
Gregory's Express,
o18 tf Office 280 Montgomery str. #

WAS PICKED UP and left along-
side the bark "Bohemian," a Scow Pile
Driver. The owner or owners are request-
ed to come forward, pay charges, and take
her away. Apply on board bark Bohemia,
off Jackson st. Wharf. n23 tf

SPLENDID NEW BUGGY, on a
very light principle, with seats for four.
For sale at the Java House by
McCormack & Co.
n11 Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters,
244 Montgomery st.

STATE WARRANTS for sale,
in sums of \$100 each, convenient for
the payment of state taxes, auction dues,
licenses, &c. Inquire at the Pacific News
office. n9 4w

BENEFIT & CO'S LINE
OF EXPRESS MAIL STAGES.
HALL & CRANDALL, PROPRIETORS.
Are now running every morning to San
Jose, leaving Benford & Co's office in the
plaza, at 8 o'clock, A. M., and the City Hotel
in San Jose at 7 o'clock, A. M.

The reduced rate of fare puts it in the
power of every one to visit the beautiful
and healthy valley of Santa Clara. There
is no more charming drive in California than
that from San Francisco to San Jose, and
as one is whirled rapidly through the oak
openings and across the level plains under
the skillful driving of Professors Dillon or
Crandall, who drive their own coaches, he
finds that pleasure is united with business,
and wonders he has never made the trip
before.

The great advantage this line possesses
over all others, is that the Stages were
bought expressly for the road, and with a
particular attention to safety, while the
drivers, who have served a long apprenticeship
from New England to California, make
the quickest time and are not likely to occur with
the old fashioned stage coaches. We invite
our friends to give the line a trial.
n7 tf Benford & Co.

**THREE THOUSAND DOL-
LARS REWARD** will be paid for the
apprehension and conviction of one JESSE
J. GRAHAM, who murdered Dennis Ben-
nett, in Cyant, Santa Cruz, State of Califor-
nia, on the 22d of April, A. D. 1850. The
said Jesse J. Graham is about six feet high,
dark complexion, dark eyes, round shoul-
ders, stoops when he walks; has a very
frowning look, and speaks through his nose.
It was supposed that he had concealed in
Cyant until the last day of August, or
about the first of September, and when last
seen, was met in company with some others
on the Salinas, on his way to the river
Colorado, and to Texas, where his mother
resides. The above reward will be paid for
his safe delivery at San Francisco, Santa
Cruz, Monterey; one thousand by the
county of Santa Cruz, the other two thou-
sand by JACKSON BENNETT, brother of
deceased.
SANTA CRUZ, Nov. 19, 1850. n23 6m

**A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR
AN INVESTMENT.**—For Sale, all that
valuable property known as the *San Fran-
cisco Coffee and Spice Mills*, situated on
Pine street, near Kearny, consisting of the
unexpired term of lease steam engine of 8
horse power, together with the large roast-
ers, mills, tools, beltings, outhouses, stabl-
ing mules and wagons. Also a large and
superior horse power. The above Factory is
capable of roasting and grinding from 2000
to 3000 lbs. of coffee daily, and can at the
same time, facilitated by the steam engine
and machinery, grind spices, corn, &c.
The above property will either be rented
or sold on favorable terms. Apply to
Wm. H. Henriques,
Commercial st., two doors above Sim-
mons, Lilly & Co., up stairs.
n23 2t 2w

BOARDING.—Mrs. GRAHAM'S
SELECT BOARDING HOUSE, corner of
Broadway and Dupont street, San Fran-
cisco.

Mrs. G. having enlarged her house since
the grading and planking of Dupont street,
is prepared to accommodate a much larger
number of boarders than heretofore, and
will endeavor to make the inmates of her
house at home.

Gentlemen doing business down town
will find this a pleasant location, the streets
being graded and planked past the house.
n15 tf

PRINTING PAPER.—Proposals
will be received by the undersigned for
the supply of first quality Printing Pa-
per for the State work at the ensuing Ses-
sion of the Legislature. Medium Book Pa-
per and Foolscap are the kinds most wanted.
Address (at Pacific News Office) with sam-
ples and terms.
J. Winchester, State Printer.
n21 10t

JENNY LIND Sofa Bedsteads.—
Just received by the Celestial, a super-
ior article of rosewood and mahogany Sofas,
with rich damask and plush cushions, pil-
lows, &c. Also, fine mahogany top centre
Tables, which will be sold low if applied for
soon.
J. A. McCrea & Co.
Sansome street, between Washington and
Jackson streets. n8 tf

FOR SALE.—A 'Corrugated Iron
Store, 30x60; will sell less than freight
and duties. Also, for sale, a fine piano,
very melodious, will sell very cheap. Ap-
ply to
W. SCHLEIDEN,
on Broadway, between Dupont and Sacra-
mento streets, or at his office, opposite the
Custom house. o1

STEAMER McKIM for sale.—A
fine boat for the Oregon or Southern
coast trade. The commodious and popular
steam propeller McKIM, in complete run-
ning order, together with new boilers and
other machinery, daily expected to arrive
from the United States, is offered for sale
Apply to
Everett & Co.,
Howison's wharf.
o10 tf

TO SHIPMASTERS and Consig-
nees of Vessels.—The subscriber is now
prepared to supply shipping with water of
the purest kind from the Joaquin river, at
the shortest notice, having a vessel with the
capacity of 20,000 gallons. Orders left with
the undersigned at the Pilots office, on Cun-
ningham's wharf, opposite office of steamers
Senator and New World, will meet with
prompt attention.
o11 tf James Nelson, Agent.

STORE TO RENT.—The subscri-
bers being about to remove to their new
warehouse on California street, offer for
rent the desirable location at present occu-
pied by them. Terms favorable to a re-
sponsible tenant.
Bragg & Whittemore,
n11 tf Sansome street et.

FOR SALE.—At the Java House,
an invoice of English Boots, water proof
coats and caps, pilot cloth jackets, &c. &c.
McCormack & Co.
Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters,
n11 244 Montgomery st.

CONDITION OF CUBA.

[Translated from "La Cronica"]

All the correspondence which we
have received from Cuba, concurs in
representing that Island as in a state
of tranquillity although it was as-
serted that a new expedition was
preparing on the southern coast of
this country, so little importance was
given to what this second attack
would accomplish.

There is no want of activity per-
ceptible in manufactures, trade or
commerce, nor less confidence than
in former years at this period. The
inhabitants and their vigilant govern-
ment have become convinced, that
any exaggerated alarm on their part,
would serve to hasten the threatening
system adopted by the government.
In fact, whether the movement be
certain or feigned, with which they
are menaced, an ostensible agitation
of minds, or any signal of excite-
ment, would only serve to give some
encouragement to those who are too
much dispirited, to undertake any-
thing which might put in real danger
the safety of a country defended by
as determined a spirit as that which
routed them on a late occasion.

The confidence expressed by all
the correspondence we have received,
is well founded. In the first place,
that uncertainty which agitated the
inhabitants, with respect to the suffi-
ciency of public force organized in
normal times, and of a public spirit
accustomed to such circumstances, to
repulse an aggression of a piratical
character. In the second place, there
is as little doubt, that, if the projects
of invasion in the United States
should acquire such great magnitude
against Cuba as they did against
Texas, Spain has already combined
the extraordinary means necessary to
extirpate at once, and to destroy the
consequences of any attack upon her
territory or her rights.

The imperial government has already abandoned
the death-like confidence they had in
the Government of the United States;
and this is the best guaranty of the
security of Cuba. Because, the gov-
ernment of Spain being now con-
vinced that nothing, or but very lit-
tle, and that quite precautions, can
be expected from any quarter, except
her own vigilance and great national
resources, has put her dock yards in
movement, sent to the Antilles large
land and sea forces, adopted the best
means for keeping up a frequent and
rapid communication between the
mother country and the provinces
beyond sea, and in short is making
active preparations to meet all pos-
sible events.

Another guarantee of safety, which
although of an inferior order is not
unimportant in existing circumstan-
ces, is the skill with which the Span-
ish government and its agents have
succeeded in convincing the princi-
pal maritime nations of Europe of the
importance of the Cuba question.
The moral co-operation of those na-
tions, who have been impressed with
a view of the future interests of their
commerce, and by incontestable rea-
sons of justice and present conveni-
ence, has been the first fruit of the
exertions made by the Spanish gov-
ernment in that direction, and this
result renders it very probable, that
the same powers will lend material
and active co-operation, in case it
may be made necessary, by any at-
tempt that may threaten to compro-
mise the freedom of commerce in the
American seas.

The grounds for the alarm which
agitated trade and property in Cuba,
and gave rise to a numerous emigra-
tion of persons of both those classes
having been dissipated by a wise
policy of precaution and defence, it
is easy to explain the unanimous con-
fidence shown by the correspondence
before us.

But it is necessary to state another
of the causes of the satisfactory state
of feeling among the population of
Cuba. The decision in all parts of
the island in favor of the rights of
Spain is so spontaneous and so ad-
mirable, that in the Peninsula alone
the history of our times affords us an
equal example, viz: when Napoleon
commenced his felonious career,
Proprietors and merchants, the most
opulent of the island, and men of
large and middling fortunes, offered
to the government their estates and
persons, for the public service of
Spain. They enlisted into volunteer
corps of militia, subjecting them-
selves to all the constraints of mili-
tary laws, and the consequent la-
bors. A youthful population, accus-
tomed to all the occupations of trade
and manufacture presented them-
selves, from the first moment ready
to bear the musket against any ag-
gressor who might come to disturb
their honorable toils. In New Or-
leans, Mexico and other countries,

the Spanish citizens enthusiastically
declared themselves for their coun-
try's cause; and we may be assured,
that if Spain, in an extreme case,
should need resources, suddenly to
place her armament in America in a
respectable state, she could count on
the patriotic liberality of her faith-
ful children in this hemisphere.

This spirit of our countrymen, the
existence of which we might prove
by a thousand examples, is doubtless
the most powerful auxiliary on which
the government of Spain and the
brave men in her army and navy
ought to count. That spirit so long
inactive, was suddenly excited by the
first measures of the government of
Madrid; and to sustain it, so that it
shall not prove a transitory flash,
it seems to us nothing is needed but to
adopt, in all its vigor, the policy com-
prehended in the few words of the
Duke of Valentia, when, scandalized
because all the powers of the Gov-
ernor General of Cuba had produced
no useful results, in the business of
the Atlantic Mail Steamers in so
many months, he said: 'Let the line
be established, even if it should be
necessary to hire the vessels in Eng-
land.'

The motives are weighty, which
were hence enumerated, to justify
the confidence of our countrymen in
Cuba. Whatever degree of agitation
or distrust may be shown, will injure
themselves, by encouraging a feeble
rabble of pusillanimous and shame-
less men, too unimportant to excite
apprehension in those who possess
abundant means for chastizing them.

The coasts of Cuba are guarded by
a large squadron, which is contin-
ually increased by steamers and sail
vessels. The army of the island is
the most brilliant and best disciplined
in the New World, and is receiving
large reinforcements of all arms, re-
cruited in that nation which is now
able to bring speedily into the field
the greatest number of spirited and
brave soldiers. The government
watches with a hundred eyes, and
every Spaniard in Cuba is a sentinel,
determined to guard his post. What
reason then can there be, for a dis-
turbance of public security by a
handful of banditti, even if they
should land on the coast? Although
some may think us mad, we will re-
peat what we have said more than
once, with the deepest conviction—
"Spain has resources enough to car-
ry on in Cuba and all other parts, a
long contest against the U. S. which
now offer as much to the devastation
of war, as Spain formerly did."

In spite of the general inquietude
which reigns in Cuba, some persons
tell us of the disgust caused in Hav-
anna and Matanzas by the disarming
of the corps of volunteer militia.
Time has justified the judicious pol-
icy of the Governor-General, and it
is to be expected that it will justify
this also. The militia took arms
spontaneously at a time supposed to
be very dangerous; and they will
arm again in the same manner, and
arm in greater numbers, if circum-
stances should require it. To remove
all traces of just and reasonable
alarm, but which, as the result pro-
ved, did not merit powerful prepara-
tions, appears to us a measure of na-
tional dignity. The men shot at
Cardenas, the confiscation of the
Susan Loud and Georgiana, and the
three criminals of the Carraca, are
sufficient to signify to a band of pi-
rates, and even to a whole nation,
that pure justice will be done, by
making effects correspond with their
causes. All of us Spaniards, in
America, are soldiers of our army in
Cuba, and we shall not conceal the
fact when danger calls us. The
course of the Governor-General of
Cuba will be, therefore, well under-
stood by those who, in the first mo-
ment, thought it inconsistent with
his ardent patriotism. But we hope
there will remain no inquietude in
those who have felt so much, and
that even that little cloud will not
darken the confidence which ought
to be felt by the commerce and the
wealth of the island. [Eve. Express.

A SERIOUS JOKE.—The Meredith
Bridge, (N. H.) Democrat, states
that a young gentleman and young
lady at Centre Harbor, not many
days since requested Squire Thomp-
son, of that place, to unite them in
marriage, with which desire he forth-
with complied—one of them, it is
said, agreeing to pay him five dol-
lars for the service, and the other
promising an additional compensa-
tion of a bushel of beans. The par-
ties now say they preferred their
request merely in fun. But the squire
informs them that they are tied fast
and can't back out—the marriage
having been legally recorded on the
town books as a veritable contract.

PRINTERS.

A true republican looks with
sympathetic interest upon all
classes of men who earn their
bread by the sweat of the brow;
but of course there must be vo-
cations for which one has a par-
ticular regard, and we confess
that among these we know of
none more important, nor of a
class more generally useful, in-
telligent, and at the same time
unfortunate, than that of Printers.
From a long daily and constant
association with them, we have
learned to look on them as one
large family; nervous, jovial,
thoughtful, witty, bilious, poor,
proud, wiggling, talkative, in re-
lation to whom we stand as a
sort of half-brother or second
cousin on a long visit to them.
There they stand at their cases,
breathing machines, magical au-
tomata, daguerreotyping, as it
were, the passing scenes of life's
changeable panorama, sending
forth into the world the world's
history of itself, with such a gen-
erally accurate minuteness, such
order and punctuality, that the
unadvised world conceive, if in-
deed they think anything about
their benefactors, that the toil is
not only easy but amusing; the
printer has such a fine chance to
get the first news.

Favored race! the average du-
ration of a printer's life is estima-
ted at twenty-eight years! How
agreeable and healthy must be
the occupation that has such an
effect upon the system. A prin-
ter is literally a galley slave,
though he is nominally paid for
his labors. What amount of
wages will compensate him for
the loss of proper exercise, pure
air and reasonable sleep? How
much gold will purge the lead
from his system? What ecsta-
sies are there in his employ-
ment which, in the round of
abbreviated years, will compen-
sate him for the years he is de-
prived of? He looks upon the
fair vista of a "happy old age"
as Moses viewed the land of pro-
mise; a vision of beauty not his
fortune to realize.

We really think that if there is
anything which an age of intelli-
gence like this has to reproach
itself with, it is its neglect of the
printers, in view of their scanty
rewards and their hopeless, re-
fugeless, unhealthy drudgery.
Empty praises may be bestowed
upon them by some artful, politi-
cal demagogue, and they may be
toasted at festivals in a conde-
scending way, but words will not
reward them, nor build an asy-
lum for the consumptive, nor put
bread into the mouths of the
printer and his family, when tem-
porarily or permanently thrown
out of work by dull business, or
the sickness resulting from his vo-
cation. Hard life, and ill re-
warded. [Boston Waverley Ma-
gazine.

The Washington Monument.—A
correspondent of the N. Y. Journal
of Commerce, says:

"I visited, yesterday, the Washing-
ton Monument. It is about seventy
feet high. Only twelve men are now
at work upon it. A steam machine
at once saws the stones, and lifts the
blocks from the ground to the assign-
ed place on the monument. A great
outcry has been made about the
weakness of the foundation stones;
but scientific men have proved their
capability of sustaining the immense
weight of the superstructure that is
to rest on them. Some of the insert-
blocks are of peculiar beauty. That
of the State of Delaware is executed
in the finest style. The inscriptions,
projections, bas reliefs, &c., are on
the inner side of the column, and
constitute an interesting feature in
the erection. But no subordinate
epitaph should be permitted to mar
the simplicity or shade the glory of
that one illustrious name commemo-
rated by this national pillar."

"No More Territory."—The Whig
cry, for many years, appears to be go-
ing out of fashion among them. The
N. Y. Courier says:

"Whenever, in the future, contin-
gencies may rise, making it both just
and expedient to enlarge our domain
still further, it will be done, and not
all the protests England may pro-
nounce, nor all the protectorates Eng-
land may establish, will divert us
from our purpose."

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 28, 1850.

J. WINCHESTER, Editor.

H. L. WENSTEN and C. M. BLAKE, Assistants.

DEATH OF HON. HARDIN BIGELOW.

It becomes our painful duty this morning, to announce the death, by cholera, of Hon. HARDIN BIGELOW, Mayor of Sacramento City. He died at the Union Hotel, in this city, about one o'clock yesterday morning, after an illness of less than twenty-four hours. He had been in our city for a week or more, on business, and was attacked with cholera on Tuesday morning, which terminated his existence the succeeding night.

Few men in California were more highly respected than Mr. Bigelow, and certainly no one amongst us has suffered more in purse and health, finally terminating in death, than he has. He came to this country during the early stage of the gold discoveries, from Scottsville, Monroe county, N. Y., where two of his sons now reside, and located at Sacramento, where he engaged extensively in business. Subsequently he was elected Chief Magistrate of the city, the duties of which he discharged with distinguished fidelity, and which post he filled at the time of the painful collision with the squatters. In those difficulties he took an active part, and in the melee which occurred, he received a wound through the body in the region of the liver, another in the thigh, a third ball glanced from his cheek, and a fourth tore off one thumb, and shattered the bones of his hand. Subsequently, the thumb was amputated, and a little time after, as the only chance of saving his life, he was removed to this city, and the hand was taken off at the wrist. After weeks of painful illness, he recovered, only to be cut down now, by the scourge which "walketh at noon-day."

Previous to the disastrous troubles at Sacramento, in which Mr. Bigelow took so active a part, he was largely engaged in business, and during the illness resulting from his wounds, his affairs suffered so much for the lack of his personal attention, that he was compelled to make an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. He had just commenced active business operations, and with his usual energy, was relieving himself from embarrassment, when the last blow came which has put an end to earthly difficulties and suffering.

Truly, the life of the deceased, since his residence in California, has been a chequered one. None have suffered more, especially in defence of what he regarded as a solemn duty to his fellow citizens. The end of life was untimely; the cause melancholy and painful.

His remains were conveyed to the Sacramento boat yesterday afternoon, attended by the California Guards, the Mayor and Common Council, the city officers generally, and a large concourse of citizens. It will be a consolation to his many friends in Sacramento, as well as a large circle at home, to know that from the time of the attack, which ended in death, he received the most unremitting attention from the proprietors of the Union Hotel, from his intimate friends, and the medical faculty. But all was of no avail. He sleeps his last sleep, to be awakened only when the grave shall give up its dead on the resurrection morn.

THANKSGIVING.—It will be borne in mind that Saturday next is the day appointed by the State Executive as a day of "thanksgiving to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, for the unnumbered blessings bestowed by Him upon our young State and people; and especially for our admission into the happy family of States." As yet we are not aware that any steps have been taken by our citizens for an appropriate observance of the day, "in compliance with the long established custom of our fathers." We hope to see a proper manifestation of regard on the part of our citizens generally.

SAINT ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The members of the Saint Andrews of San Francisco, will unite in celebrating the Festival of their Patron Saint, at the Jackson House, on Saturday evening next. We have no doubt it will be a gratifying and agreeable re-union of our Scotch fellow citizens, who are amongst the most enterprising and worthy.

SACRAMENTO POST-OFFICE.—The Post-Office was closed on Monday for the purpose of taking an account of the letters, &c., on hand, preparatory to turning it over to Mr. Eades, who has had the commission in his pocket since August last, but the present incumbent refused to acknowledge his authority.

BY EXPRESS.—In consequence of the frequent robberies on the Isthmus, persons sending gold home, will do well to avail themselves of the open policies of the Express companies. J. W. Gregory will send a special messenger by the Republic, on Friday, and will insure treasure to any amount.

OFFICIAL INSOLENCE.

Nathan K. Hall, the present Postmaster General, manifests sundry specimens of official insolence in his correspondence with those who happen to hold their appointments subject to his will and pleasure. In a letter to the late Postmaster at Albany, N. Y., he intimates that he will be "reported to the President for removal," and adds:

"If for \$4000 a year you can afford to tell your assistant something that he does not understand, whenever you receive important and positive instructions from the Department, it is not very likely that he will think he can afford to do more than make a reasonable effort to find some excuse for evading directions, which the head of the office treats with indifference or contempt. Clerks of less salaries feel or may well feel still less responsibility, and the only course for the Department is to hold the Postmaster himself to the most rigid responsibility for the acts and omissions of all his subordinates."

Such language and tone is unwarranted in any officer, and the above is but a specimen of the entire letter. The Albany Evening Journal, the leading Whig paper of the State, its editor a partisan with Mr. Hall, in commenting upon this extraordinary bulletin, rebukes the Postmaster General's insolence in the following caustic language:

"Mr. Hall's letter of 10th of September is worthy of especial attention. We have never witnessed a more disgraceful exhibition of official insolence. Power, 'expressed in brief authority,' never displayed itself in more disgusting colors. The man who, without the slightest provocation, is capable of indulging in such an exhibition of 'bad temper and worse manners,' is not fit for and unworthy of the elevation to which a melancholy accident has raised him. No Despot, it will be said, and amenable to the proprieties of official intercourse, would have soiled white paper with such vulgar abuse. Richly, therefore, does the upstart impudence of Mr. N. K. Hall merit the castigation it has provoked from Mr. Benedict."

The Eve. Journal concludes its reference to the correspondence with the following thrust at the President and his supporters:

"The President may do what he pleases with his offices. If his measures are right—if he adheres to the principles and policy of the Whig party, we shall prove better supporters of his administration than the 'blue-blooded friends' who sit at the King's gate."

GREENWOOD VALLEY.—This valley is between the Middle and South Forks of the American River, about ten miles north of Coloma. The diggings there are quite profitable, and a large number of men have of course been attracted there. Some time ago the nucleus of a town was formed, and at present the valley contains several thousand inhabitants. The town has been named Louisville. We learn that it is quite a flourishing place, and contains about sixty stores.

The citizens of the place are now making exertions to have a Post Office established there. We understand that the business of the town is such, and the population in and near Louisville so large, as to leave no room to doubt that all expenses will be paid. Thus it can be no burden upon the general government. A post office would be of great assistance to the merchants of the place, and it seems to us that it is but right that they should be accommodated. At present a merchant in Louisville has to travel or send ten miles to get his letters. Every one can see the inconvenience of this.

THE REPUBLIC.—It should be borne in mind by those who are homeward-bound, that the splendid steamship Republic, Capt. Hudson, of Law's Line, will leave for Panama, to-morrow. Her list of passengers is fast filling up, and as her accommodations are unsurpassed, we have no doubt she will go with a full load. The Republic will connect with the splendid steamer Georgia, on the Atlantic side, which leaves Chagres on the 25th of next month. A more desirable opportunity for returning in safety, with excellent fare and accommodations, will not offer. The gentlemanly agent, O. Charlick, Esq., will give all the necessary information at the office of the company, foot of Jackson street.

THEATRICAL.—Othello will be played at the Jenny Lind Theatre, this evening, with a strong cast of characters.

At the Dramatic Museum, an attractive bill is presented, as usual. The Managers are laboring hard to please, and have the satisfaction of knowing that their efforts are successful.

The Mauduit Brothers continue to draw large audiences, nightly, at the Adelphi. Their feats are really astonishing, fully equal to the celebrated Raxels in their palmiest days.

GOLD.—The following explains, quite satisfactorily, what is meant by alloyed gold. Every mass of alloyed gold is supposed to be divided into twenty-four parts; therefore, when we say twenty carats fine, we know there are four parts of alloy in it. The English standard of gold watch cases is eighteen carats of fine gold and six of copper or silver.

FOR OREGON.—The brig Cassida, of Brown & Co.'s line, leaves for the various ports in Oregon this afternoon, at four o'clock. She now lies at Central wharf.

ABUSE OF SEAMEN.

One effect of the opening of California, among a great many others, has been to open the eyes of the nation to a variety of evils which have existed from time immemorial, as well as to gain for us a lesson rich in experience of life. Conspicuous amid these lessons and experiences, has been an exhibition of sailor life as it is.

Before all the world came to California, we had heard of "the poor sailor." He had been made a hero for romances concerning pirates, and for bunkum speech makers at the religious anniversaries in New York and Boston. A few had tried life "before the mast," and having come back satisfied, had given the world their experience. R. H. Dana, Esq., has done more for seamen, in our judgment, by his "Two years before the mast," than all others united in all they have done.

The revolution in public sentiment affecting the sailor, may almost be said to date from the publication of Mr. Dana's excellent narrative. What those who came to California "around the Horn," saw and know, has accelerated it. The past has become history. No doubt passengers have often been in the wrong, and their indiscretions have prompted seamen to improper conduct in many instances. But the blame has by no means all been on one side. Ship masters have heretofore been notoriously, as in law they are, to a certain extent, allowed to be, the lords and despots of all under their command. Our people are not accustomed to the rule of others. They make their own laws; and even in the navy, public sentiment has caused the practice of flogging to be no longer continued.

When the Yankee came abroad to see the world and find their way to California, the abuses to which sailors in the merchant service are exposed, were never more flagrant. The passengers saw it, and from the united voices and pens of the entire people of the country, language of sternest rebuke to shipmasters, owners and officers of our commercial marine has gone forth to the world from all quarters. Ship masters have full many things laid to their individual charge which should not of right be imputed to them personally, but to the vices of the system under which such crying evils have arisen.

The sailor is simple, ignorant, passionate, and for the most part, friendly. He is a very child of a man. He bears his heart in his hand, and hence he is the prey of devourers. The master is wilful, solitary and imperious. Prone to be tyrannical because he has long been accustomed to the use of irresponsible power, he rages if his faults are for once exposed to the view of the community. Our only hope for amelioration in this condition of affairs, is the universal introduction of steam power applied to vessels. The navigator will survive, but the sailor will have passed away, and become only "a thing that was."

A large number of arrivals has taken place in the past week, and several very glaring instances of maltreatment of seamen during the long voyage which has just ended, and which have come to our knowledge, are so well attested, that we feel called upon to speak out. Some of these narratives, and particularly the case of a near relative of two of our corps, we may regard as of sufficient importance to make public. The interests of commerce down this coast may seem to require it. The ends of justice, it is to be hoped, will be satisfied, in the case, through the interposition of the civil tribunals now, or soon to be established in this community. It is time, at any rate, for the application of remedies which shall be effectual in guarding for the future, the interests of that large and interesting class of our citizens who are exposed to the multifarious abuses suffered by seamen.

DRUGGING TEA AND ROBBERING.—A young man named Bolton was yesterday arrested for robbing his employer, Mr. Stover, a merchant, corner of Montgomery and Bush streets, of \$5750. It seems that himself and Mr. Stover sat up late Tuesday, engaged in writing letters, where Bolton prepared a cup of tea, which he drugged, and while Mr. S. was under its influence, he carried off the money and buried it. Yesterday, Captain Lambert, of the First District Police, took the matter in hand and induced the young gentleman to acknowledge his agency in the matter, and point out the locality of the money. He was fully committed.

ROBBERY.—The building adjoining the Waverly House, on Pacific street, belonging to Sandford & Fox, was broken open Tuesday evening, and robbed of a quantity of clothing and other property, to the amount of perhaps \$150, belonging to Alexander Major.

Wm. H. Parker declines being a candidate for the vacancy in the Board of Aldermen. When is the election to be called?

PROGRESS.

Not six months ago, everything in the way of trade here was in its most primitive form, as in Mexico and other semi-civilized lands. Every merchant kept a general variety of wares, suitable and not suitable for this market. A row of black lining bottles, red shirts, spades and mining implements were indispensable to every shop where business was transacted. Such had heretofore been the custom of the country, and such it must continue. Like people, like merchant.

With the introduction of American institutions—hotels and steamboats—two of the great indicators of progress in our day—a change has come over the face of things. A division of wares among traders has already taken place. One auctioneer sells miners' goods, and another sells real estate. One merchant keeps groceries, another queen's wares. The blacksmith and the jeweller both flourish, and each has plenty to do. One man sells liquors, another gentlemen's furnishing goods. The apothecary, and druggist, and chemist, are separating themselves. The physician, and surgeon, and dentist, and accoucheur, are already distinctly known in our community. A music store, picture gallery, and ladies' fancy dress store can be distinguished; at an exchange and money broker is no more necessary than a conveyancer, a criminal lawyer, or a manufacturing jeweller. The arts of cultivated life have found a "local habitation and a name" among us, and were even long preceded, alas! contrary to the early pirations of the N. Y. Tribune, (Dec. '48) by the shame and sin of the vices known to the most refined civilization.

The Alta's Los Angeles correspondent, under date Nov. 5, writes as follows:

"One of those terrible affairs that unhappily have so frequently marred the history of our State, took place in this vicinity a few days since. A company of six men came down from the Mariposa diggings, with an intention of exploiting to the east of this for gold. They had got as far as 'the Lagoon,' about sixty miles from this city, on the road to the Colorado, when they overtook a party of Sonorians, who were engaged in watering their animals. At an opportune moment the latter turned upon them with their knives, killed two of the Americans upon the spot, and horribly wounded another. In their turn, the Americans killed one of the Mexicans. This is the story as told by the surviving Americans who were in at the Rancho del Chino, a few days since, for the means to carry back their wounded comrade. The name of one of the men who was killed was Freeman. He was a lawyer by profession, and late from Texas, but formerly from Mississippi. The names of the others of the party I have not learned."

"Is it not?" We learn that the bark Wm. H. Shuler came in the other day from a long voyage, with a man confined below, in irons. Also that the brig Samuel & Edward, Capt. E. Smith, recently in from Talcabana, discharged most of her crew at that port, contrary to their wishes, and much to their detriment, and in open violation of the shipping articles. Such conduct deserves severe punishment.

The S. and E. is owned, we understand, by Gen. Veazie, of Bangor, Me., who has made a large fortune out of California. We feel quite certain that the owner of the Gov. Dana will not permit such conduct as this on the part of those in his service. The penalties for discharging men involuntarily in a foreign port, are, as they ought to be, very heavy.

A GOOD RESTAURANT.—Our opinion of Restaurants in general is not the best. The 'Model' in Commercial st., and our old friend and neighbor Guild, who was burnt out in Kearny street, last September, and removed the same day to Sansome street, above Washington, are what may be called good. We dined with Mr. G. yesterday, and found everything in the neatest order, the place roomy and comfortable, and the pork and beans almost equal to any we ever had in the mines.

RECOMMENDED.—The Whigs of Sacramento, in County Convention, have recommended Daniel J. Lisie, Esq., as a suitable man to represent them in the Legislature. The Democrats will relieve him and his party from any anxiety on the score of Legislative duties.

I. O. O. F.—This honorable and benevolent Order are taking the necessary steps to institute a lodge in Sacramento. A meeting was to be held on Tuesday evening for this purpose.

WELL ARMED.—We saw a homere in Clay street yesterday afternoon, who had on a knapsack, two swords, a pair of pistols, a rifle, and high-top boots! He lacked only the Mexican spurs to be fully armed and equipped.

Editor of Pacific News:

The statements of the killing of McMann, by Arthur, on the night of the 26th inst., as appeared in the 'News' of yesterday, and in other papers of the city, were, I am led to believe, from statements which have been made in my presence, calculated to prejudice the case in the public mind. The tenor of the statements which appeared in the papers, would convey the idea that the assault and battery were unprovoked, and that Arthur was guilty of a most diabolical murder. Now I have been informed, and it is nothing but just that the public should know it, that a rencontre between the parties occurred; that McMann was a large, muscular man, and that Arthur was a small, and physically weak man, and being placed in danger of great bodily harm, or of losing his life, used his weapon to protect himself.

FAIR-PLAY.

We give the above for what it is worth. The whole affair grew out of a quarrel at a gambling table, and we have no other feeling than to see justice done. We gave the most generally accredited version of the affair.

THE MAYOR OF PITTSBURGH.—Some time since the people of Pittsburgh elected a queer old fellow named Barker, Mayor of the city. He seems to be as obstinate as a mule, and although his enemies denounce him as being deranged, there is a deal of "method in his madness." The last account from that city says of him:

"It is thought our Mayor has become insane. On Tuesday night he ordered the arrest of a portion of the City Councilors, and that they be sent to jail; they were immediately discharged by the judges on the Habeas Corpus. The next day Mr. Barker threatened to hang Judge, Councilors and editors, and again committed them to jail; they were of course again discharged on a writ of Habeas Corpus. Last night the Councilors met, and took the regulation of the city night watch from the Mayor's hands. Barker threatens to imprison them all, and all the judges. The greatest excitement prevails in the city to-day."

FREDERICK DOUGLASS.—It is said that the slave-catchers recently came north in search of this negro, who has been petted by the English and northern abolitionists for the past three or four years. We trust his former owners will be successful in their search, and rescue their property. His insolence and abuse of the North, and denunciations of the Union, should condemn him to perpetual labor in the most menial capacity, at the South. God-speed the slave-catchers in this instance.

The Yankee Blade says, the best way to get rid of a beggar, is to offer him work. We drove one off the other day, by offering him a bill on the Bank. He said he 'hadn't come to that yet.'—[Boston Post.]

We got rid of a beggar the other day, by tossing him a dollar, and in fifteen minutes saw him walk into a saloon, call for a glass of liquor and a cigar, lay down our dollar in payment, and receive his change and walk coolly off!

COMMENCING EARLY.—A boy aged about fourteen years, named Edmund Coy, was yesterday brought before the Recorder for breaking open a safe belonging to J. H. Davis, on Long wharf, and stealing \$14. He was committed for further examination. This is said to be the third or fourth attempt of this youngster.

Towns on the Pacific.—The towns along the coast are represented as being very dull at present. They are all preparing to take the lead in the Spring, but some must eventually succumb to the fortunate. A correspondent from Trinidad, says that those who have no other business in San Francisco than spending their dust, had better come up there and enjoy the delicious climate and an occasional hunt for elk, bear, deer, geese, ducks, &c., but suggests that they bring some good dogs along, to go in the lagoons, as at present they have to swim after their game.—[Transcript.]

MAN SHOT.—A private watchman on Pacific street shot a man named Charles Beckett, about twelve o'clock, on Tuesday night. The circumstances under which it was done, we have not learned.

Harper's New Monthly Magazine for October, has been placed upon our table by Messrs. Homestel & Williston, Post Office Piazza. An assortment of good books may be found with these gentlemen.

Wisconsin's "nose is out of joint." California is the baby, now.—[Ex-paper.]

Exactly; but she is one of the kind that never required swaddling clothes nor a baby-jumper, but trotted off, full grown, "from the start."

The Marysville Herald puts down five as the number of daily papers in San Francisco. If the editor will count again he will discover that there are six.

SACRAMENTO ITEMS.

More of the Riot Expenses.—Several bills were received, for shot guns, powder, and so forth, furnished during the squatter disturbances.

Hospitals and the Sick.—Dr. Spaulding reported at the city hospital—admitted, 21; died, 13; discharged, 10; remaining, 67. The large number of admissions was owing to the transfer from the cholera hospital.

The Cholera Hospital was closed on the 23d inst. From 23d Oct to 21st Nov, there were admitted into that institution, 162—107 died, discharged, 55.

Mayor Bigelow.—Ald. Queen presented a resolution, appropriating a sum of money to the relief of the Mayor, in consideration of his services and sufferings in the cause of preserving peace and order in Sacramento. It proposed that the sum of \$15,000 be so appropriated.

Ald. Tweed expressed his high regard for the Mayor, and recommended that the bills against him be adjusted by the Council, and that \$3000 be added to the salary of the Mayor, in consideration of his present condition.

The Last Orders.—Gen. Winn, acting under instructions from the Governor, yesterday sent another dispatch to Col. Rogers, directing that officer to make every endeavor to bring the Indians to terms—to force them to risk a battle, if possible; after which, there will be no difficulty in negotiating with them to some purpose.—[Transcript.]

The General suggests that the forces be reduced to as small a number as can be effective—because the expense of sustaining a large force is immense, without there being means of immediate payment.

Can't be Beat.—We yesterday saw a sweet potato, which was brought from one of the islands of the Pacific, that weighed about 20 pounds! On cutting into it, the quality proved to be of the first order, being perfectly round and of a fine grain. Those islands that dot the great Pacific are destined for blooming gardens and prolific vineyards.—[Tran.]

Report of the City Collector of taxes from Nov. 19, to 25th inst.

From Real Estate, \$2,509.75

Personal estate, 613.67

Scrip, \$3,123.42

Cash, 2,144.72

Coin, 916.23

62.47

\$3,123.42

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.—Governor Burnett has forwarded commissions for the following officers, under command of Major Rodgers. From the 60th section of acts on the subject, says the Transcript, it appears that the force in the field is not large enough for a full staff of field officers, hence the necessity of a Major instead of a Colonel being in command.

Wm. Rodgers, as Major of the Battalion California Volunteers.
Benj. F. Stewart, Company A, Captain.
Tilden Reed, do 1st Lieut.
Robert C. Reed, do 2d do
J. Austin, do 3d do
John Miller, Company B, Captain.
Edmund Otis, do 1st Lieut.
D. D. Melvory, do 2d do
John Rabson, do 3d do
L. B. Munson, Company C, Captain.
J. M. Dishman, do 1st Lieut.
J. R. Dunn, do 2d do

AUCTION SALE.—Kettelle, Mahoney & Co. sell, to-day, a prime assortment of desirable goods—groceries, &c.

NOTICE.—The gentleman who found a letter addressed to JAMES C. HACKETT, would much oblige Mr. H. by leaving the same at Berford & Co's. Express Office, corner of Clay and Kearny sts. n27 3

IF THIS should meet the eye of Mrs. MONTROSE, late Miss ANNIE GARDNER, of 270 Gold street, Brooklyn, who left on the steamer Cherokee, Sept. 13th, from New York for California, she will confer a favor by sending her address to JAMES C. HACKETT, care of Berford & Co's Express, San Francisco.

DIED.
In this city on the 28th inst., Nathaniel Lewis Scammon, late of San Francisco. The friends and acquaintances of the deceased are invited to attend his funeral at 10 A.M., this day, from B. Brannan's office.

Deaths reported for the Pacific News by N. Gray, City Sexton, Sacramento st., Nov. 27th:

Moses Turner, Monmouth, 25, diarrhoea.
Louise Solomon, 19 mos, water on brain.
John Campbell, Scotland, 30.
George Williams, New York, 61, cholera.
Edward Hastler, England, 3.
Mayor Hardin Bigelow, Michigan, 41 do
Henry Fowler (col'd) 63, do
Nath'l L. Seaman, Maine, 28, do
Oscar Cooper, 21, consumption.
Charles Connelly, 36, cholera.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

CLEARED.

November 27.

Ship St Patrick, Waterman, China.
Bark Louisiana, Robert, Oregon.
Bark Southamer, Clark, Valparaiso.
Brem bark Anity Hall, Johnson, Manila.
Schr Sarah and Lavina, Brown, Sandwich Islands.

Schr Roanoke, Holt, S. Islands.

ARRIVED.

Br bark Henriettes, Paxton, 57 days fm Talcabana, to Whitehead & Co.
Schr Bay State, Lewey, from a fishing cruise.

MEMORANDA.

The ships Charles Bunnell, and Alexander, were to sail fm Talcabana about the 7th of Oct.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
SAN DIEGO HERALD.

There the large olive rains its amber store
a marble fount; there grain, and flower, and
fruit,
rush from the earth until the lead runs
o'er."

The undersigned beg leave to
announce to the public of Cali-
fornia generally, and to the En-
glish-speaking population of Southern
California in particular, that they
intend to publish a newspaper at San
Diego, under the above title, the first
number of which will be issued about
the first of January, proximo.

Terms of subscription, \$12 per
annum. In politics, the San Diego
Herald will be independent, but not
neutral; it will be the organ and
engine of no party,—but the impar-
tial advocate of such measures as
shall seem best calculated to promote
the general welfare of the State, and
advance the local interests and prop-
erty of Southern California, or more
immediately of the District of San
Diego.

Its design, however, will by no
means be to engender any sectional
jealousies, or to encourage any mea-
sures at variance with the unity and
harmony of the State. Its paramount
object will be to describe the local-
ities and unfold the resources of "the
sunny and luxuriant regions of the
South"—to watch over their social
and administrative interests,—and to
promote their welfare by every legiti-
mate means and influence which the
press can employ.

To the American residents in South-
ern California, the publishers will
look for their principal support; and
considering the expense of the under-
taking and its immediate importance
to the local interests of San Diego,
it is hoped that the publication will
meet with liberal encouragement.
Among the inhabitants, however, of
the Northern districts, the *San Diego
Herald* will expect to have many
readers desirous to obtain authentic
information and periodical intelli-
gence from the South.

J. J. JONES & CO.
SAN DIEGO, Nov. 16th, 1850.

To the Editor of the Daily Pacific News—

Sir: You will confer a great favor by
giving the within a few insertions in your
valuable sheet, for the benefit of your
readers and the community at large, that
they may be satisfied with the affair that
occurred a few months ago, concerning the
elopement of my daughter from her hus-
band, Isaac Graham. The reward offered
for Jesse J. Graham, you will please insert
for six months, and oblige

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,
MARY BENNETT.

SEPTEMBER 27th, 1850.

Mrs. MARY BENNETT—

DEAR MOTHER: I presume that you are
very much surprised at my sudden departure.
I was very sorry to leave without
telling you I was going, but I knew that
you and my brothers and sister would not
let me come away; and I was so tired of
being beat and having my knives drawn
over me, for twice that old brute Graham
drew his bowie knife across my throat till
the blood ran down my breast, and I ex-
pected every day he would kill me, and
finding it impossible to please the old ty-
rant, I believed that my only chance was to
leave him or be murdered by his hand. So
I thought it would be better for me to go
to a foreign country, where I would not be
troubled with him any more. I see by the
Daily Pacific News of the 16th of May, that
I have been accused of having a lover with
me, which you say is a lie, and which is
absolutely false. I did not nor ever will
degrade myself so far as that; and I see by
the same paper, that you and my brothers
and sister have been cruelly treated on ac-
count of my departure, of which you all
are innocent. I left without the assistance
or knowledge of any of you. I would not take
so much trouble to tell of your innocence,
but I wish you to show this, my hand-
writing, to all the people, who say that I
stayed at that either my mother, or
brothers or sister assisted me to get away,
or knew anything about it, they tell a posi-
tive lie, and the truth is not in them. The
paper did not state what had happened ex-
actly; it said Mary Ann had been honorably
acquitted of being accessory to my flight,
and that Jackson offered two thousand dol-
lars, and the county of Santa Cruz one thou-
sand dollars for Jesse Graham. I am very
sorry to see that my child was brought
as a witness against my dear brother, which
Graham himself was the murderer. I say he
murdered it, because it was abuse that I
received from him. His hands were its
death. Instead of my living with a lover, I
am living in a worthy man's family, after
a voyage of four months. I have suffered
very much from sickness, and my children
have both had some sickness, and are not in
very good health now, but they are about
I am miserable since I heard that news. I
wish I had stayed and been murdered by
his hands; it would have been better for me
to die than to live and know that my dear
people had suffered so wrongfully; perhaps
suffered death on account of my departure.
As I said before, I am living in a worthy
Englishman's family, but I shall never be
happy again in this world. I hope these
few lines I have traced by candlelight may
find you alive and well, but I am afraid they
will not. If we meet no more in this world,
I hope we may meet in Heaven above. May
God be with you all; my children are bat-
tled, and I shall be soon; give my love to
all my friends, my dear brothers and sis-
ters, while I remain your ever affectionate
daughter,
n25 3t

THE NEW YORK SUN STATES THAT

the steamers Caledonia and Hibernia,
of the Cunard Line, have been sold
to the Spanish Government for the
sum of \$350,000, cash. They are to
be employed as steam packets to run
between Cadiz and Havana.

A NICE GARDEN.—A gentleman in
California writes to his wife in Ohio
that his crop of tomatoes, on an acre
and a half of ground, was worth \$18,-
000.

PROCLAMATION!!!

The Governor of the State of California, to
all to whom these presents may come:
Greeting:

In compliance with the long estab-
lished and appropriate custom of our
fathers, as well as in accordance with
his own feelings, the undersigned,
Governor of the State of California,
hereby recommends that Saturday,
the thirtieth day of November, one
thousand eight hundred and fifty, be
set apart and observed by the people
of California, as a day of solemn
thanksgiving to the Supreme Ruler
of the Universe, for the unnumbered
blessings bestowed by Him upon our
young State and people; and espe-
cially for our admission into the hap-
py family of States.

Given under my hand, at the Pueblo
de San Jose, the fourth day of No-
vember, in the year of our Lord, one
thousand eight hundred and fifty, and
of the Independence of the United
States, the seventy-fifth.

PETER H. BURNETT.

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

San Francisco, California.

JOHN Y. BRYANT, Attorney at Law.

Office at Cronise Bro's & Co., corner of Jack-
son and Montgomery streets.

JOHN Y. BRYANT, for the last four-
teen years engaged in the General Land
Office at Washington City, in the adjudication
of pre-emption and every other description
of land claims, has associated with him in
the transaction of a General Land Agency
Business, A. J. MOULDER, Esq., of Va.
Long experience and an intimate knowledge
of the laws of Congress relative to the vari-
ous provisions made for the disposal of the
public domain, together with a familiarity
with official forms and precedents in the
Department at Washington, and a prolonged
acquaintance with the Executive officers,
present inducements to those interested in
landed property in California seldom of-
fered.

Ample arrangements having been con-
summated at Washington, we feel justified
in guaranteeing prompt and intelligent at-
tention to all business confided to the care
of this agency. Address, (postage paid)
Bryant & Moulder,
San Francisco.

REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE

Hon. William M. Gwin, U. S. Senate,

Hon. Jas. Whitecomb, " "

Hon. Jas. Shields, " "

Hon. R. M. Young, Clerk Ho. of Rep. U. S.

Former Commissioners Gen. Land Office.

Hon. Justin Butterfield, present Commis-
sioner.

Hon. John Wetherell, " "

Col. John C. Hayes, " "

Hon. John W. Geary, " "

J. Winchester, Esq., " "

Judge Shattuck, " "

Russell & Bancroft, " "

Edward Howison, Esq., " "

Pettyman, Barrell & Co., Sacramento,
nov16 eodlm

SAFARI HOUSE, Broadway

IS NOW OPEN for the reception

of the Public.

This House is the largest, and its rooms
better ventilated than any other establish-
ment in San Francisco. The Dining Room
is 60 by 25 feet. The sleeping apartments
are well supplied with every thing neces-
sary for comfort. There are forty rooms,
containing but one bedstead, furniture, &c.
Adjoining which, is attached a Drawing
Room, with private entrance on Broadway.

The location is commanding, being only a
few steps from the departure and landing
of the steamers plying on the Sacramento
River, and stopping at Benicia, Sacramento
City, and all the principal towns and land-
ings adjacent to the gold mines.

Passengers landing from ships, and di-
recting the boat to land them at this
House, will save a long walk and portage.
Stairs are provided in the rear of the House
for boats to land passengers, baggage, &c.
The Table, Bar, &c., is unsurpassed.

Jeffreys & Co.,

N. B. The House can be seen from any
part of the Bay, it being the most promi-
nent, commanding a full view of all the ar-
rivals of steamers, shipping, &c. o22 1m

COUNTY AUDITORS are hereby

required to comply immediately with
the following section of an Act prescribing
the mode of assessing and collecting the
public revenue.

"Sec. 35. He (the Auditor) shall make
out and cause to be transmitted by mail or
otherwise, to the Comptroller of State, on
or before the first day of November of each
year, a complete abstract of the property
listed in his county, the valuation thereof,
the number of polls, the amount of each kind
of tax, and the aggregate thereof in the
county, and certify the same, as also the
rate of each kind of tax assessed."

Jno. S. Houston,

Comptroller of State.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,

San Jose, Nov. 20, 1850. n226t

The Alta California, Journal, Sacra-
mento, and Transcript, Sacramento City, will
publish the above 6 times.

CARD—GARNISS & CO., Auc-

tioners, beg leave to inform their friends
and the public, that they have moved into
their new and spacious Sales Rooms, in the Iron
Building corner of Washington st. and Jones'
lane, between Montgomery and Sansone's sts.,
where they are prepared to transact the
AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSI-
NESS, on the most favorable terms. The
arrangement of their rooms are such as to
afford great facilities in the disposition of
goods—the same being of a sufficient capac-
ity to contain a cargo, which can be received
from a canal in the rear. They solicit a
share of the public patronage.

o9 1m Garniss & Co.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Three

large and three small houses, on Califor-
nia street, and on Broadway, well furnis-
hed, one of them in the most splendid style.
Apply to

W. Schleiden,

Ship and Customhouse Broker, from half
past 9 to half past 3 o'clock, at his office,
opposite the Customhouse; at any other
time, at his residence on Broadway, between
Dupont and Stockton sts. n2

FIRE APPARATUS For Sale—

A first class forcing suction engine and
hose carriage, with all appurtenances, and
625 feet new riveted hose. The whole in
complete order, and now ready for imme-
diate use. Winter & Latimer,
Next door to Cross, Holborn & Co, San-
some street. o1

FOR SALE—TO PRINTERS—

Two Washington Presses, at W. W.
Dunn's Printing Press Manufactory, cor-
ner of Ohio and Pacific streets, or address
Post Office, Box 489. o22 1f

LOOK AT THIS, EMIGRANTS AND

OTHERS!

300 FAMILIES WANTED, WHO
wish Homes. Having com-
pleted my survey in the southern part
of the city of San Jose, in all 900 lots,
25 by 47 1-2 varas, and being desirous
to have improvements go on rapidly,
I propose to give 300 lots to settlers
who will build a neat, suitable house
on each lot, and fence the same.

I have also over 100 lots, 50 varas
square, in the Old Survey of the city,
which I will sell low, and give time
on part. The lots I own in the Old
and New surveys of the city are decid-
edly the best locations for buildings,
being high and dry, and never subject
to overflow; with the very best
mountain water, obtained at the depth
of 12 to 14 feet.

I think lumber shippers would do
well to call and take a look at my
lots. I will give them lots to build
houses on, or will exchange lots for
lumber of all kinds, or houses.

THE VALLEY.—We have a greater
number of acres equal to the best Illi-
nois land, than can be seen in any
other north or east of us, in California;
and the grain-growing portions of the
world, so far as I am acquainted, can-
not equal us in producing wheat, both
in quality and quantity: 60 bushels
have been raised to the acre, and there
can be seen now in the fields and gar-
dens of our farmers, as time crops as a
majority of the States can produce at
and vegetables of all kinds in abun-
dant growing, and that too, without
rain or watering.

CLIMATE AND HEALTH—Listen, now:

—The average summer heat is 75 to
80 degs., with cool nights; no mus-
quitoes, day or night; no fever and
ague, and no disease peculiar to the
valley or town, winter or summer.—
We have some of the first settlers liv-
ing with us yet, over 100 years of age,
and one in particular, over 110, sound
in body and mind. We have had but
one death out of the immigration of
1846, an old gentleman, who was bro-
ken down with disease before he came
to our city.

THE MORALS of our city and vicini-
ty will, I make no doubt, compare
with those of the best of our neigh-
boring cities and towns. We are a
law abiding and a law supporting
people, and have our churches and
schools as well as others.

Persons wishing lots will apply
soon to the subscriber in the south end
of the city. JAMES F. REED.

City San Jose, 4th Aug. 1850.

n4 1f

IN JUSTICE'S COURT.—Before

Brown, George W. Bushnell & M. Ex-
pert, M. Massener, and his sons. Saxe
Court—William B. White vs. same defend-
ants. To M. Expert, M. Massener, and
his sons, defendants in the above causes:

Complaints in these two causes were filed
in my office, San Francisco, California, by
said Bushnell and White respectively, Aug
16th, 1850, against you, as owners of the
land Gustave, for a breach of your contract,
made in May last, with said Bushnell
and White, respectively, have been issued by
me, returnable the 22d of August, 1850.

August 16th, aforesaid, said bark, tackle
&c. was levied upon, by virtue thereof.
You are required to appear and answer
said complaint, February 24th, 1851, at 10
o'clock, a.m. of that day, at my office.

H. S. Brown,

Justice of the Peace.

o1 6m23d

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the
estate of James Willis and Henry Farmer,
deceased, are hereby requested to present
the same to the undersigned, with the ne-
cessary vouchers, within ten months from
this date: in default thereof they will be
forever barred. All persons indebted to
said estate will make immediate payment to

Joseph Henriquez,

Public Administrator.

Office on Commercial street, next door to

Dart & Gales, up stairs. n2 2w1m

ADMINISTRATOR'S Notice.—

All persons having claims against the
estate of Charles R. Binley, Henry Bon-
field and George Groszold, deceased, are
hereby requested to present them to the un-
dersigned at the office within ten months
from this date, in default of which they will
be forever barred. Those indebted to said
estates are requested to make immediate
payment.

Joseph Henriquez,

Public Administrator city San Francisco.

Office, Commercial street, next door to

Dart & Gales, up stairs. o25 1faw

ADMINISTRATOR'S Notice.—

All persons having claims against the
estate of Samuel C. Davis, deceased, are
requested to present them to the undersig-
ned within ten months from this date: in
default thereof they will be forever barred.
Those indebted to said estate will make im-
mediate payment to

Jo. Clements, Administrator,

corner of Washington and Kearny streets.

"Verandah" building. nov 5, 1850.

n3 1aw1w

F. Argenti & Co., Bankers, San

Francisco, Montgomery st., between
Clay and Commercial, refer to and draw on—
Brown, Brothers & Co., New York;
Brown, Shipley & Co., Liverpool;
Samuel Nicholson & Co., New Orleans;
Alex. Brown & sons, Baltimore;
Brown & Bowen, Philadelphia;
Jas. Adger & Co., Charleston;
Morrell & Dickey, Mobile;
T. B. Curtis, Esq., Boston;
Geo. B. Cunningham, Savannah.

Gold dust bought or insured, and forward-
ed to the U. States at the lowest rates. o1

AT A PROBATE COURT held

at the City Hall in the city of San
Francisco, on the 14th Nov., 1850: Present,
Hon. R. N. Moorman, Probate Judge.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas

Larkin, deceased:

Ordered, that Nov. 28th, 1850, at 10 A.

M. be appointed for the hearing of the peti-
tion of Theodore Shillaber and A. P. Eve-
rett, praying for probate of the Will of
Thomas Larkin, deceased.

n15 2aw J. E. Addison, Clerk.

RULES OF PRACTICE THE OF

COUNTY COURT OF SAN FRANCISCO—Sit-
ting for the Trial of Appeals:

1. It shall be the duty of Justices of the
Peace to endorse on the transcript the
names of the Attorneys, if any, who ap-
peared on the trial before him.

2. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to
make up a docket of the causes entered for
trial, in the order in which the appeal pa-
pers are filed: one copy for the court, and
one for the use of the bar.

3. Causes may be entered at the foot of
the docket for trial, at any time during the
first week of the term, by filing a stipula-
tion to that effect.

4. A day docket of Jury causes will be
made up after the first day of the term,
from the regular docket, in their order,
and of such as may be specially set down
for trial by the Court, a list of which shall
be posted by the Clerk on the Court-room
door, and among others will be called for
trial that day.

5. The party or attorney moving a jury
cause for trial shall pay the jury fees on
the rendition of the verdict, and in default
thereof will be held as standing in contempt,
and liable to attachment.

6. After the first day of the term, if nei-
ther party answer on a cause being called
in its order, it will go to the foot of the
docket.

7. No default will be taken on the first
day of the term, and no cause will be tried
on that day, except both parties are ready.

8. In cases where a jury is waived, it
shall be the duty of the parties or their at-
torneys to file a stipulation to that effect
with the Clerk of the Court on the first day
of the term.

9. Witnesses may be examined *de bene
esse* before the Commissioners appointed by
this Court, on one day's notice to the oppo-
site party, and in cases of emergency on
such notice as the circumstances may al-
low.

10. Special motions will be heard on each
day, at the opening of the Court, at ten
o'clock, a. m. on one day's notice, or on an
order to show cause.

11. The Court will be kept open by ad-
journing after the docket is disposed of,
for hearing motions and such other busi-
ness as may be necessary, on Monday of
each week, at 12 M., until the commence-
ment of next term.

12. In all cases not herein provided for,
the rules of practice of the District Court
will be followed. o19 1f

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue of

an execution issued out of the District
Court, 4th Judicial District, county of San
Francisco, and State of California, duly
tested and dated November 13th, 1850, in
the case of John H. Merrill against Charles
E. Pickett, wherein a judgment was render-
ed in the sum of Fourteen Hundred dollars
and fifty-seven 37-100 dollars costs against
said Pickett, besides the accruing costs;

said execution being to me directed and
having been levied on; all that certain lot
or parcel of land situate in the city of San
Francisco, commencing at the southwest
corner of Powell and Chestnut streets, run-
ning thence southerly on the west side of
Powell street fifty varas, thence westerly
parallel with Chestnut street fifty varas,

thence northerly and parallel with Powell
street fifty varas, to the south side of Ches-
nut street, thence easterly on the south side
of Chestnut street fifty varas to the place of
beginning, said lot being 50 varas square,
and numbered on the map of said city
(683). Now, by virtue of said execu-
tion and the proceedings under the same,
I shall expose for sale to the highest bid-
der for cash in front of the Court House, at
the hour of 12 o'clock, a. m. on WEDNES-
DAY, the 14th day of December, 1850, the
above described lot of land.

John C. Hays, Sheriff.

By John S. Powers, Dep. Sher.

n14

COMMISSIONERS OF Deeds—

Notice—In accordance with Section
of an Act of the Legislature of the State of
California, entitled "An Act empowering
the Governor to appoint Commissioners of
Deeds, and defining the duties of such Of-
ficers," approved March 20, 1850, notice is
hereby given that the following persons
have been appointed Commissioners as pro-
vided in said Act, to reside at the places
mentioned, viz:

J. H. Cheney, Boston, Mass.
Ebenzer Robbins, Ouedja ca, N. Y.
Samuel Ward, City of New York.
Alexander W. Foster, Pittsburg, Pa.
Harry T. Hoyt, New Orleans, La.
T. Bailey Myers, City of New York.
Graham L. Hughes, Liberty, Mo.
James M. Hughes, St. Louis, Mo.
W. M. Cooper, Nashville, Tenn.
Daniel B. Sickles, City of New York.
L. D. Champlin, Cincinnati, Ohio.
B. Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.
B. F. Graves, Lexington, Ky.
W. B. Parker, Portsmouth, N. H.
J. B. Ogden, Van Buren, Ark.
Jno. J. Plume, New York city.
Jno. F. Ennis, Washington, D. C.
Chas. Findley, Baltimore, Md.
D. C. Labatt, New Orleans, La.
A. C. Waugh, Mobile, Ala.
Geo. H. Hickman, Baltimore.

Jno. H. Wile, New York city.
John J. Bushnell, do
Jno. H. Watson, St. Louis, Mo.
Chas. De Selding, Washington, D. C.

Wm. Van Voorhies,
Secretary of State.

Office of Secretary of State, }
San Jose, Oct. 25, 1850. o26 6tw

STATE Marine Hospital—

The Commissioners of Health for the port of
San Francisco, have taken the building on
Stockton street, lately known and occupied
as the American Hotel, and have converted
the same into a State Marine Hospital.

The public are informed that the Hospital
is now open for the reception of patients.

The public authorities of the city of San
Francisco, who have charge of the city poor,
citizens, and all persons not entitled to hos-
pital privileges, are also informed that pa-
tients will be admitted at this hospital for
the moderate sum of \$28 per week, in ad-
vance, including board, lodging and medica-
tation.

For admission, apply at the Hospital, to
the Resident Physician.

Lorenzo Hubbard, M. D.,

Resident Physician.

N. B. No patient laboring under an infec-
tious or contagious disease will be treated at
this Hospital, but a suitable place will be pro-
vided for them, on application as above. o1

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the
estate of Joseph B. Williams, deceased, are
hereby requested to present the same to the un-
dersigned, with the necessary vouchers,
within ten months from this date, in
default of which they will be forever barred.
Those indebted to said estate are requested
to make immediate payment to

Thomas B. Cushing, Adm'r.,

Merrimack House, corner of Pine and San-
some sts. n25 2aw1m

San Francisco, Nov. 23, 1850.

KLAMATH GOLD MINES, Ri-

ver and Town.—One of the most ex-
tensive fields for speculation at present in
California.

The attention of the public is now called to
this very important part of California.
The town of Klamath is situated on the
bank and at the vicinity of the mouth of a
river, upon the numerous tributaries of
which the most productive and extensive
gold mines have been discovered of any now
in existence in California. The Harbor (at
the upper end of which this beautiful town
site is situated) is both commodious and
secure, and possesses the very superior ad-
vantage over all the other ports upon the
coast between the Columbia river and San
Francisco of a perfectly safe entrance. The
river is a magnificent stream and navigable
by steamers, according to the opinion of
steamboat captains and others in every way
competent to judge of the matter, at least 70
miles up; at, and even below which point,
these very rich gold mines commence.

Merchants and capitalists who are desirous
of realizing a handsome profit upon their
goods and an enormous return for their cap-
ital cannot enter into a better speculation
or make a more safe investment of